INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.

TITLE PAGE TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONS R1 SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN--WORK ON VICINITY OF EXIT / ON RAMP м1

INTERSTATE / EXPRESSWAY

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN--FREEWAY OFF-RAMP CLOSURE TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN--FREEWAY ON-RAMP CLOSURE

STANDARD PLANS

926

(3 SHEETS) TRAFFIC CONTROL, CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE (2 SHEETS) TYPICAL LANE CLOSURE PLAN FOR MULTILANE ROADWAYS

STATE OF NEBRASKA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION WEST OF SIDNEY -EAST OF SIDNEY

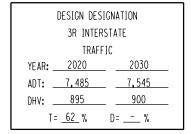
CHEYENNE COUNTY

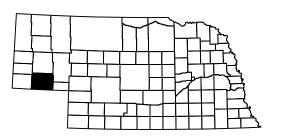


SHEET NO. PROJECT NO. Α1 NH-80-1(202) ► CONTROL NO. 51604 ▲ CONTROL NO. ■ CONTROL NO.

THE 2017 EDITION OF THE NEBRASKA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLY TO THIS PROJECT.

| THE WORK ON THIS PROJECT CONSISTS OF GROUPS 8 - SPECIALTY & 10 - GENERAL CROUPS 8 8 10 ARE INCLUDED IN THE LETTING OF JULY 25, 2019 A GROUPS ARE INCLUDED IN THE LETTING OF ARE INCLUDED IN THE LETTING OF ARE INCLUDED IN THE LETTING OF | _ | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | PROJECT 60+70 HWY. I-80 | , | |

CONVENTIONAL SIGNS

FENCE R.O.W. OR WIRE GUARDRAIL TRAVELED WAY DIKE CULVERT POWER POLE TELEPHONE POLE MAILBOX RAILROAD TRACKS بالجمالج بالج MARSH TREE - CONIFEROUS THE THE THE

 $\Theta \Theta \Theta$

TREE - DECIDUOUS

R.O.W. LEGEND

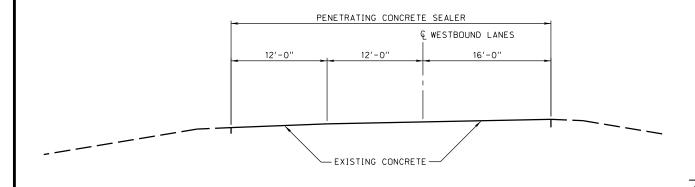
NEW CONTROLLED ACCESS PREVIOUS CONTROLLED ACCESS LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS R.O.W. NEW R.O.W. EXISTING PERMANENT EASEMENT TEMPORARY EASEMENT EXCESS TAKING PERMANENT EASEMENT EXISTING RAILROAD EASEMENT NEW RAILROAD PERMANENT EASEMENT NEW RAILROAD TEMPORARY EASEMENT

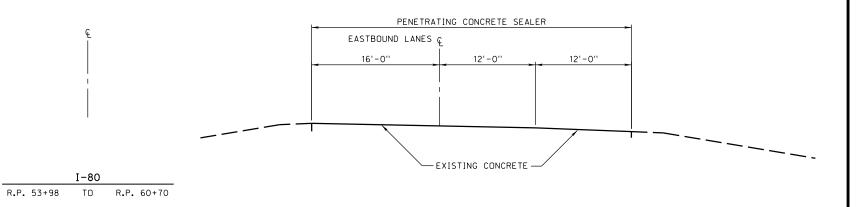
REFERENCE POST NO. 53+98 TO REFERENCE POST NO. 60+70 EXCEPTIONS: FROM STA. TO STA.

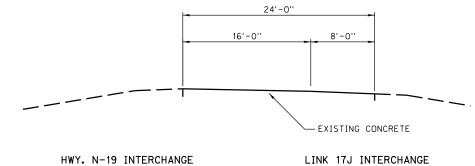
TOTAL NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 35,481 FEET 6.72 MILES











WESTBOUND OFF-RAMP EASTBOUND ON-RAMP EASTBOUND OFF-RAMP WESTBOUND ON-RAMP

WESTBOUND OFF-RAMP EASTBOUND ON-RAMP EASTBOUND OFF-RAMP WESTBOUND ON-RAMP



SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

| PROJECT NO. | SHEET NO. |
|--------------|-----------|
| NH-80-1(202) | C1 |

C.N. 51604

SPECIALTY ITEMS GROUP 8

TITEM QUANTITY UNITS

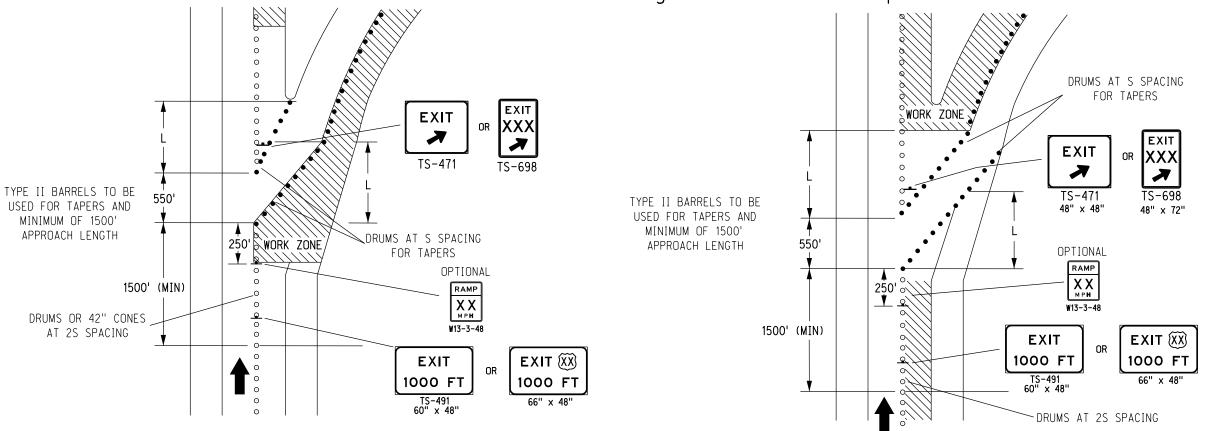
MOBILIZATION 1.000 LS
PENETRATING CONCRETE SEALER 9,920.000 GAL

GENERAL ITEMS GROUP 10

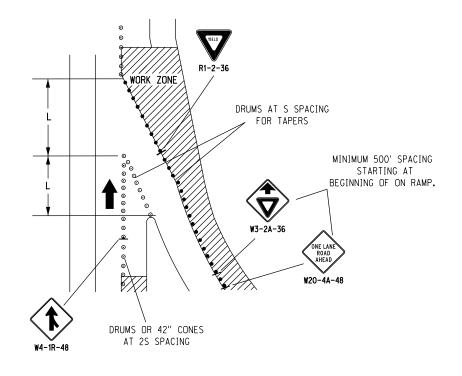
| ITEM | QUANTITY | UNITS |
|---|-----------|-------|
| BARRICADE, TYPE II | 2,400.000 | BDAY |
| BARRICADE, TYPE III | 254.000 | BDAY |
| TEMPORARY SIGN DAY | 425.000 | EACH |
| SIGN DAY | 784.000 | EACH |
| FLASHING ARROW PANEL | 30.000 | DAY |
| TRAINING | 100.000 | HOUR |
| MOBILIZATION | 1.000 | LS |
| ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS - CONTRACTOR COMPLIANCE | 1.000 | LS |

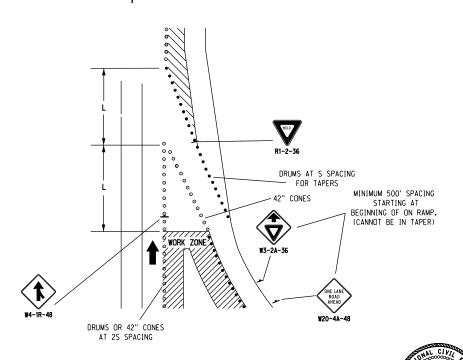






Work in Vicinity of On Ramp





NOTES

L = WS

L = TAPER LENGTH IN FEET

W = WIDTH OF OFFSET IN FEET

S = POSTED SPEED (MPH) LIMIT PRIOR TO WORK STARTING

LEGEND

TYPE III BARRICADE

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUM

- SIGN

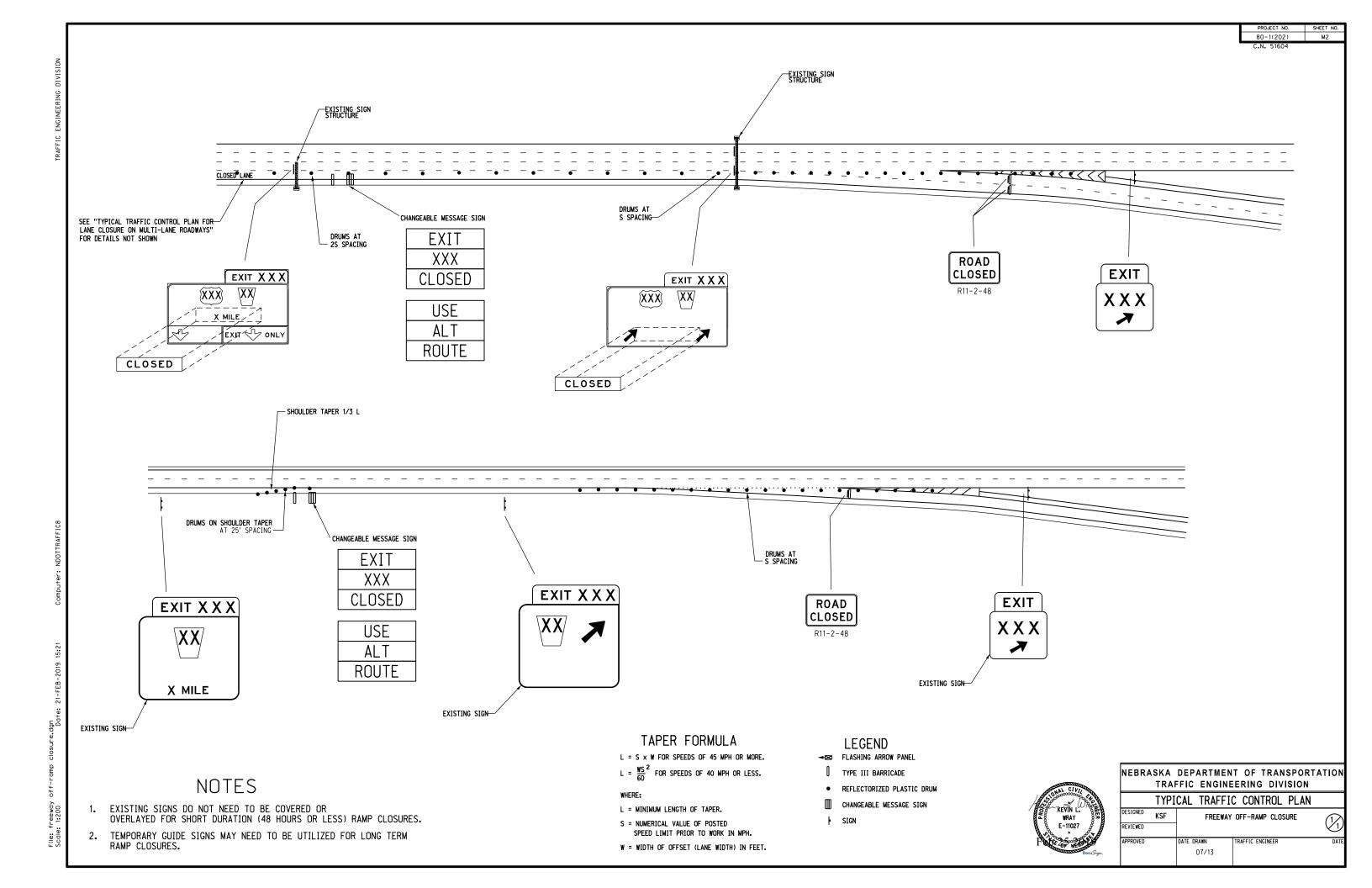
→ FLASHING ARROW PANEL

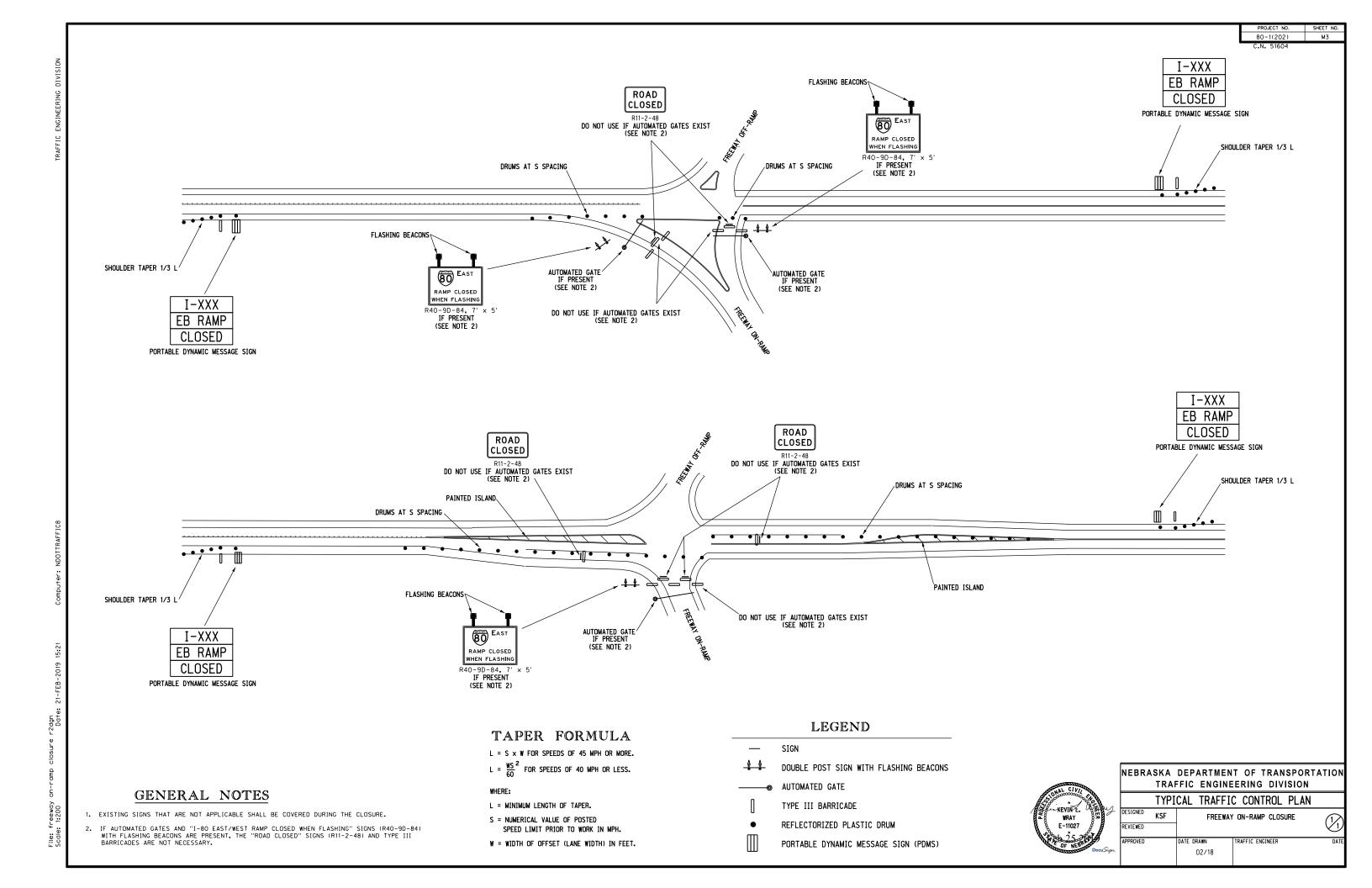
REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUM OR 42" REFLECTORIZED CONE

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TRAFFIC ENGINEERING DIVISION

| SIGNED | TJF | WORK | IN | VICIN | ITY | OF | EXIT | / | ON | RAMP | |
|--------|-----|------------|----|--------|-------|------|--------|-----|-----|------|--|
| VIEWED | | | IN | TERST. | ATE | / E | XPRE | SSI | WAY | | |
| PROVED | | DATE DRAWN | - | | TRAFF | IC E | NGINEE | ? | | | |

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 10/12





CHANNELIZATION DEVICES

THE FUNCTION OF CHANNELIZATION DEVICES IS TO WARN ROAD USERS OF CONDITIONS CREATED BY WORK ACTIVITIES IN OR NEAR THE TRAVELED WAY, TO PROTECT WORKERS IN THE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONE, AND TO GUIDE DRIVERS AND PEDESTRIANS SAFELY. CHANNELIZING DEVICES INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO COMES, TUBULAR POSTS, VERTICAL PANELS. DRUMS, BARRICADES, TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS, TEMPORARY RAISED ISLANDS, AND BARRIERS.

DEVICES USED FOR CHANNELIZATION SHOULD PROVIDE FOR SMOOTH AND GRADUAL TRAFFIC MOVEMENT FROM ONE LANE TO ANOTHER, ONTO A BYPASS OR DETOUR, OR TO REDUCE THE WIDTH OF THE TRAVELED WAY. THEY MAY ALSO BE USED TO SEPARATE TRAFFIC FROM THE WORK SPACE, PAVEMENT DROP-OFFS, PEDESTRIAN PATHS, OR OPPOSING DIRECTIONS OF TRAFFIC.

CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL MEET THE CRASHWORTHY PERFORMANCE CRITERIA CONTAINED IN CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL MEET THE CRASHMORTHY PERFORMANCE CRITERIA CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL COOPERATIVE HIGHWAY RESEARCH PROGRAM (NCHRP) REPORT 350 OR MANUAL FOR ASSESSING SAFETY HARDWARE (MASH). THEY SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED AND BALLASTED TO PERFORM IN A PREDICTABLE MANNER WHEN INADVERTENTLY STRUCK BY A VEHICLE. IF STRUCK, THE DEVICE SHOULD YIELD OR BREAK AWAY, FRAGMENTS OR OTHER DEBRIS FROM THE DEVICE SHOULD YIELD OR BREAK AWAY, FRAGMENTS OR OTHER DEBRIS FROM THE DEVICE SHOULD NOT PENETRATE THE PASSENGER COMPARTMENT OF THE VHICLE OR BE A POTENTIAL HAZARD TO WORKERS OR PEDESTRIANS IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA.

SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHOULD NOT EXCEED A DISTANCE IN FEET EQUAL TO THE SPEED WHEN USED FOR THE TAPER CHANNELIZATION, AND A DISTANCE IN FEET OF TWICE THE SPEED WHEN USED FOR TANGENT CHANNELIZATION.

| CH | SPACING OF CHANNELIZATION DEVICES | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| SPEED (MPH) | | | | | | |
| S | TAPER TANGENT | | | | | |
| 25 | 25 | 50 | | | | |
| 35 | 35 | 70 | | | | |
| 45 | 45 | 90 | | | | |
| 55 | 55 | 110 | | | | |
| 60 | 60 | . 120 | | | | |
| 65 | 65 | 130 | | | | |
| 75 | 75 | 150 | | | | |

WARNING LIGHTS MAY BE ADDED TO CHANNELIZING DEVICES IN AREAS WITH FREQUENT FOG, SNOW, OR SEVERE ROADWAY CURVATURE, OR WHERE VISUAL DISTRACTIONS ARE PRESENT, EXCEPT FOR THE SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS, WARNING LIGHTS PLACED ON CHANNELIZING DEVICES USED IN A SERIES TO CHANNELIZE ROAD USERS SHALL BE STEADY-BURN

THE RETROREFLECTIVE MATERIAL USED ON CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL HAVE A SMOOTH, SEALED OUTER SURFACE, MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ASTM SPECIFICATION D4956, FOR TYPE IV SHEETING OR TYPE V REBOUNDABLE SHEETING (OR GREATER).

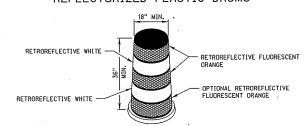
| COEFFIC | IENT OF (CD/L | RETRORE UX/M ²) | FLECTION |
|---------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| WHITE | ORANGE | RED | YELLOW |
| 250 | 100 | 45 | 170 |

THE AMERICAN TRAFFIC SAFFTY SERVICES ASSOCIATION (ATSSA) "OUALITY GUIDELINES FOR WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" SHALL BE USED AS A VISUAL GUIDE FOR DETERMINING IF A TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE/OR SIGN IS ACCEPTABLE, MARGINAL OR UNACCEPTABLE.

THE NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE AGENCY, CONTRACTOR, OR SUPPLIER MAY BE SHOWN ON THE CHANNELIZING DEVICE BACK OR SUPPORT, BUT NOT ON THE DEVICE FACE. THE LETTERS AND NUMBERS SHALL BE A NON-REFLECTIVE COLOR AND NOT OVER 15 SOUARE INCHES IN TOTAL AREA.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO MAINTAINING THE CHANNELIZING DEVICES TO KEEP THEM CLEAN, VISIBLE, AND PROPERLY POSITIONED. DEVICES SHALL BE REPLACED THAT ARE DAMAGED AND/OR HAVE LOST A SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF THEIR RETROREFLECTIVITY AND EFFECTIVENESS.

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUMS



REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUMS USED FOR TRAFFIC WARNING OR CHANNELIZATION SHALL BE REFLECTIONIZED PLASTIC DRUMS USED FOR TRAFFLY WARRING OR CHARMELIZATION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF LIGHTWEIGHT, FLEXIBLE, AND DEFORMABLE MATERIALS AND BE A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES IN HEIGHT AND HAVE A MINIMUM WIDTH OF AT LEAST A 18 INCHES, REGARDLESS OF ORIENTATION. THE PREDOMINANT COLOR OF THE DRUM SHALL BE ORANGE, METAL DRUMS SHALL NOT BE USED. THE MARKINGS ON DRUMS SHALL BE HORIZONTAL, SHALL BE CIRCUMFERENTIAL, AND SHALL DISPLAY FOUR 6 INCH WIDE BANDS OF RETMORREFLECTIVE SHEETING, ALTERNATING FLUDRESCENT ORANGE—WHITE, DRUMS SHALL HAVE CLOSED TOPS THAT WILL NOT ALLOW COLLECTION OF CONSTRUCTION OR OTHER DEBRIS.

DRUMS ARE MOST COMMONLY USED TO CHANNELIZE OR DELINEATE TRAFFIC FLOW BUT MAY ALSO BE USED INDIVIDUALLY OR IN GROUPS TO MARK SPECIFIC LOCATIONS. DRUMS ARE HIGHLY VISIBLE AND HAVE GOOD TARGET VALUE; THEY GIVE THE APPEARANCE OF BEING FORMIDABLE OBSTACLES AND, THEREFORE, COMMAND THE RESPECT OF ROAD USERS.

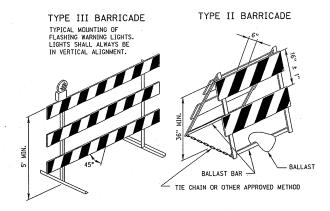
RALLAST SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON TOP OF THE DRUM. DRUMS SHOULD NOT BE WEIGHTED WITH

BARRICADES

| BARRICADE TYPE | TYPE II | TYPE III |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| WIDTH OF RAIL* | 8 INCHES MIN 12 INCHES MAX. | 8 INCHES MIN 12 INCHES MAX. |
| LENGTH OF RAIL | 36 INCHES | 8 FEET ** |
| WIDTH OF STRIPES | 6 INCHES | 6 INCHES |
| HEIGHT | 36 INCHES | 5 FEET |
| REFLECTIVE SHEETING | TYPE IV | TYPE IV |
| NUMBER OF | 4 (TWO EACH | 6 (THREE EACH |
| REFLECTORIZED | DIRECTION) | DIRECTION) |
| RAIL FACES | | |

*NOMINAL DIMENSIONS ARE PERMISSIBLE WHEN CONSTRUCTED FROM LUMBER.

**WHEN LATERAL SPACE IS LIMITED, SOME TYPE III BARRICADES WITH A 4 FOOT
LENGTH OF RAIL, MAY BE ALLOWED WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



BALLAST SHALL NOT BE PLACED OVER ANY REFLECTIVE DEVICE

DESIGN

A BARRICADE IS A PORTABLE OR FIXED DEVICE HAVING TWO OR THREE RAILS WITH APPROPRIATE MARKINGS. IT IS USED TO CONTROL ROAD USERS BY CLOSING, RESTRICTING, OR DELINEATING ALL OR A PORTION OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.

BARRICADES SHALL BE ONE OF TWO TYPES: TYPE II OR TYPE III.

STRIPES ON BARRICADE RAILS SHALL BE ALTERNATING ORANGE AND WHITE RETROREFLECTIVE STRIPES SLOPING DOWNWARD AT AN ANGLE OF 45 DEGREES IN THE DIRECTION ROAD USERS ARE TO PASS. THE STRIPES SHALL BE 6 INCHES WIDE. THE MINIMUM RAIL LENGTH FOR A TYPE II BARRICADE IS 36 INCHES.

WHERE BARRICADES EXTEND ENTIRELY ACROSS A ROADWAY. THE STRIPES SHOULD SLOPE WHERE BARRICADE EXTEND ENTIREL ACCOUNT A ROBOTAL, THE STRIPES SHOULD SECTION TOWARD WHICH ROAD USERS MUST TURN. WHERE BOTH RIGHT AND LEFT TURNS ARE PROVIDED, THE STRIPES MAY SLOPE DOWNWARD IN BOTH DIRECTIONS FROM THE CENTER OF THE BARRICADE OR BARRICADES. WHERE NO TURNS ARE INTENDED, THE STRIPES SHOULD SLOPE DOWNWARD TOWARD THE CENTER OF THE BARRICADE OR BARRICADES.

BARRICADE RAILS SHOULD BE SUPPORTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL ALLOW THEM TO BE SEEN BY THE ROAD USER, AND IN A MANNER THAT PROVIDES A STABLE SUPPORT THAT IS NOT EASILY BLOWN OVER OR DISPLACED.

ON HIGH-SPEED ROADWAYS OR IN OTHER SITUATIONS WHERE BARRICADES MAY BE SUSCEPTIBLE TO OVERTURNING IN THE WIND, SANDBAGS SHOULD BE USED FOR BALLASTING. SANDBAGS MAY BE PLACED ON LOWER PARTS OF THE FRAME OR STAYS TO PROVIDE THE RECUIRED BALLAST BUT SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON TOP OF ANY STRIPED RAIL. BARRICADES SHALL NOT BE BALLASTED BY HEAVY OBJECTS SUCH AS ROCKS OR CHUNKS OF CONCRETE.

THE BARRICADE OWNERS NAME, NOT TO EXCEED 15 SQUARE INCHES SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE BARRICADE BACK OR SUPPORT BUT NOT ON ITS FACE.

** WHEN LATERAL SPACE IS LIMITED, SOME TYPE III BARRICADES WITH A 4 FOOT LENGTH OF RAIL, MAY BE ALLOWED WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

APPLICATION

TYPE II BARRICADES ARE INTENDED FOR USE IN SITUATIONS WHERE TRAFFIC IS MAINTAINED THEOUGH THE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONE. THEY MAY BE USED INDIVIDUALLY OR IN GROUPS TO MARK A SPECIFIC CONDITION, OR THEY MAY BE USED IN A SERIES FOR CHANNELIZING TRAFFIC. ON THE INTERSTATE, FREEWAY AND EXPRESSWAY SYSTEM, TYPE II BARRICADES SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CHANNELIZATION.

TYPE III BARRICADES USED AT A ROAD CLOSURE MAY EXTEND COMPLETELY ACROSS A ROADWAY FROM CURB TO CURB. WHERE PROVISION IS MADE FOR ACCESS OF AUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES, THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TYPE III BARRICADES SHOULD BE ASSIGNED TO A PERSON WHO SHALL PROVIDE PROPER CLOSURE AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY.

WHEN A HIGHWAY IS LEGALLY CLOSED BUT ACCESS MUST STILL BE ALLOWED FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, THE TYPE III BARRICADES MAY NOT BE EXTENDED COMPLETELY ACROSS A ROADWAY. A SIGN WITH THE APPROPRIATE LEGEND CONCERNING PERMISSIBLE USE BY LOCAL TRAFFIC SHALL BE MOUNTED.

NORMALLY PERMANENT SIGNS MOUNTED ON BARRICADES SHALL BE ERECTED ABOVE THE NUMMALLY PERMANENT SIGNS WOUNTED UN BARKICADES SHALL BE ERECTED ABOVE THE BARRICADE. THE SIGNS "ROAD CLOSED", OR "ROAD WORK AHEAD", FOR EXAMPLE CAN EFFECTIVELY BE MOUNTED ABOVE THE BARRICADE THAT CLOSES THE ROADWAY. TYPE III BARRICADES SHALL BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH A LIGHTING DEVICE UNLESS SPECIFICALLY OMITTED BY THE ENGINEER. DETOUR ARROW AND LARGE WARNING ARROW SIGNS SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE FACE OF BARRICADE.

CONES



DESIGN

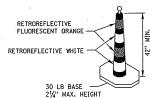
CONES SHALL BE PREDOMINANTLY ORANGE, FLOURESCENT RED-ORANGE, OR FLOURESCENT YELLOW/ORANGE, NOT LESS THAN 28 INCHES IN HEIGHT. AND SHALL BE MADE OF A MATERIAL THAT CAN BE STRUCK WITHOUT DAMAGING VEHICLES ON IMPACT. CONES WHEN ALLOWED ON THE INTERSTATE, FREEWAY OR EXPRESSWAY SYSTEM SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES IN HEIGHT.

FOR NIGHTTIME USE, CONES SHALL BE RETROREFLECTIVE OR EQUIPPED WITH LIGHTING DEVICES FOR MAXIMUM VISIBILITY. RETROREFLECTION OF 28 INCH OR 36 INCH CONES SHALL BE PROVIDED BY A WHITE BAND 6 INCHES WIDE, NO MORE THAN 4 INCHES FROM THE TOP OF THE CONF. AND AN ADDITIONAL 4 INCH WIDE WHITE BAND A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES BELOW THE 6 INCH BAND

TRAFFIC CONES ARE USED TO CHANNELIZE TRAFFIC, DIVIDE OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANES, DIVIDE TRAFFIC LANES WHEN TWO OR MORE LANES ARE KEPT OPEN IN THE SAME DIRECTION, AND DELINEATE SHORT-DURATION MAINTENANCE AND UTILITY WORK. CONES SHALL NOT BE USED FOR LANE CLOSURE TAPERS OR SHIFTS, CONES SMALLER THAN 42 INCHES SHALL NOT BE USED AT NIGHT ON RURAL HIGHWAYS, UNLESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS APPROVED OR DIRECTED BY

STEPS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT CONES WILL NOT BE BLOWN OVER OR DISPLACED BY WIND OR MOVING TRAFFIC. CONES CAN BE DOUBLED UP TO INCREASE THEIR WEIGHT. SOME CONES ARE CONSTRUCTED WITH BASES THAT CAN BE FILLED WITH BALLAST. OTHERS HAVE SPECIAL WEIGHTED BASES, OR WEIGHTS SUCH AS SANDBAG RINGS THAT CAN BE DROPPED OVER THE CONES AND ONTO THE BASE TO PROVIDE ADDED STABILITY. BALLAST, HOWEVER, SHOULD NOT PRESENT A HAZARD IF THE CONES ARE INADVERTENTLY STRUCK.

42 INCH CONES

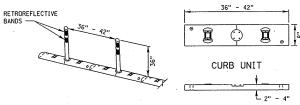


42 INCH CONES SHALL INCLUDE A 30 POUND RUBBER BASE AND DISPLAY FOUR 6 INCH WIDE BANDS OF RETROFERLECTIVE SHEETING, ALTERNATING FLUORESCENT ORANGE-WHITE-FLUORESCENT ORANGE-WHITE-

APPLICATION

WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OR SHOWN IN THE PLANS, 42 INCH REFLECTIVE CONES MAY WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OR SHOWN IN THE PLANE, 42 INCH APPLECTIVE COMES WALL BE USED IN LIEU OF TYPE II BARRICADES OR REFLECTORIZED DRUMS. 42 INCH CONES SHALL NOT BE USED FOR LANE-CLOSURE TAPERS OR SHIFTS. IF A RECTANGULAR BASE IS USED, THE LONG SIDE OF THE BASE SHOULD BE ORIENTED PARALLEL TO THE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC.

TUBULAR POST AND CURB SYSTEM



DESIGN

TUBULAR POSTS USED IN THE SYSTEM SHALL BE 36 INCHES HIGH AND A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES WIDE WHEN FACING TRAFFIC. THE TUBULAR POST AND CURB SYSTEM SHALL BE MADE OF A MATERIAL THAT CAN BE STRUCK WITHOUT DAMAGING IMPACTING VEHICLES. THE COLOR SHALL

THE TUBULAR POSTS SHALL BE RETROREFLECTIVE. RETROREFLECTION OF TUBULAR POSTS SHALL BE PROVIDED BY TWO 3-INCH WIDE RETROREFLECTIVE BANDS PLACED A MAXIMUM OF 2 INCHES FROM THE TOP WITH A MAXIMUM OF 6 INCHES BETWEEN THE BANDS. EACH CURB SECTION SHALL CONTAIN ONE RETROREFLECTIVE MARKER FACING EACH DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. THE COLOR OF THE RETROREFLECTIVE BANDS AND MARKERS SHALL MATCH THE POST/CURB COLOR.

THE CURB SECTIONS SHALL BE CONFIGURED TO ALLOW FOR DRAINAGE FROM THE PAVEMENT

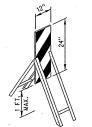
APPLICATION

TUBULAR POST AND CURB SYSTEMS MAY BE USED TO DIVIDE OPPOSING LANES OF TRAFFIC OR TO DIVIDE TRAFFIC LANES WHEN TWO OR MORE LANES ARE KEPT OPEN IN THE SAME DIRECTION

FASTENING THE CURBS TO THE PAVEMENT WITH ANCHOR BOLTS OR OTHER SUITABLE METHODS AS DIRECTED BY THE MANUFACTURER IS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE THE CHANCE OF BEING MOVED BY

TUBULAR POST AND CURB SYSTEMS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE LOCATIONS SHOWN IN THE

VERTICAL PANELS







DESTGN

RETROREFLECTIVE MATERIAL ON VERTICAL PANELS SHALL BE 12 INCHES WIDE AND AT LEAST 24 INCHES HIGH. THEY SHALL HAVE ALTERNATING DRANGE AND WHITE STRIPES, WHERE THE HEIGHT OF THE RETROREFLECTIVE MATERIAL ON THE VERTICAL PANEL IS MORE THAN 36 INCHES, A PANEL STRIPE WIDTH OF 6 INCHES SHALL BE USED. WHERE THE HEIGHT OF THE RETROREFLECTIVE MATERIAL ON THE VERTICAL PANEL IS 36 INCHES OR LESS, A PANEL STRIPE WIDTH OF 4 INCHES SHALL BE USED. IF USED FOR TWO-WAY TRAFFIC, BACK-TO-BACK PANELS

MARKINGS FOR VERTICAL PANELS SHALL BE ALTERNATING ORANGE AND WHITE RETROREFLECTORIZED STRIPES SLOPING DOWNWARD AT AN ANGLE OF 45 DEGREES IN THE DIRECTION TRAFFIC IS TO PASS.

POST MOUNTED VERTICAL PANELS SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH THE BOTTOM A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT ABOVE THE ROADWAY. VERTICAL PANELS ON A TEMPORARY STAND SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH THE BOTTOM A MAXIMUM OF 1 FOOT ABOVE THE ROADWAY.

WHERE SPACE IS LIMITED VERTICAL PANELS MAY BE USED TO CHANNEL TRAFFIC, DIVIDE OPPOSING LANES OF TRAFFIC, DIVIDE TRAFFIC LANES OR REPLACE BARRICADES. WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, VERTICAL PANELS MAY BE POST-MOUNTED ALONG THE SIDE OF

TUBULAR POSTS



DESIGN

TUBULAR POSTS SHALL BE PREDOMINANTLY ORANGE, NOT LESS THAN 28 INCHES HIGH, BE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES WIDE WHEN FACING TRAFFIC, AND MADE OF A MATERIAL THAT CAN BE GING IMPACTING VEHICLES.

TUBULAR POSTS SHALL BE RETROREFLECTIVE. RETROREFLECTION OF TUBULAR POSTS SHALL BE PROVIDED BY TWO 3 INCHES WIDE WHITE BANDS PLACED A MAXIMUM OF 2 INCHES FROM THE TOP, WITH A MAXIMUM OF 6 INCHES BETWEEN THE BANDS. THE BASE SHALL NOT BE WIDER THAN 12 INCHES OR HIGHER THAN 2 INCHES.

APPLICATION

TUBULAR POSTS HAVE LESS VISIBLE AREA THAN OTHER DEVICES AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY WHERE SPACE RESTRICTIONS DO NOT ALLOW FOR THE USE OF OTHER MORE VISIBLE DEVICES. THEY MAY BE USED EFFECTIVELY TO DIVIDE OPPOSING LANES OF TRAFFIC OR TO DIVIDE TRAFFIC LANES WHEN TWO OR MORE LANES ARE KEPT OPEN IN THE SAME DIRECTION.

STEPS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ASSURE THAT TUBULAR POSTS WILL NOT BE BLOWN OVER OF DISPLACED BY TRAFFIC BY EITHER AFFIXING THEM TO THE PAVEMENT WITH ANCHOR BOLTS OR ADHESIVE, IF A NONCYLINDRICAL DEVICE IS USED, IT SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE PAVEMENT TO ENSURE THAT THE WIDTH FACING TRAFFIC MEETS THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

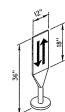
TUBULAR POSTS SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZATION OR A PEDESTRIAN BARRIERS IN TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONES ON OR ALONG SIDEWALKS.

| R7 | JAN 18 | NDOR BORDER TO NDOT BORDER | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| R6 | JUN 14 | 2009 MUTCD UPDATE | | | |
| R5 | OCT 98 | REVISE CHANNELIZATION DEVICES, TAPER | | | |
| REV. NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION OF REVISION | | | |
| | NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD PLAN NO. 920-R7 | | | | |
| TRAFFIC CONTROL, CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE | | | | | |
| CONS | | • | | | |
| ACCEPTE | TRUCT | ION AND MAINTENANCE | | | |

OCTOBER 1998



OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS



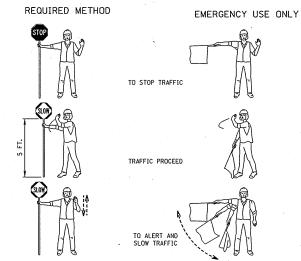
DESIGN

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS SHALL RE A TWO SIDED LIPRICHT RETRORFFI ECTORIZED UPPUSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS SHALL BE A IWU SIDED UPRIGHT THE HORREFLECTIONIZED ORANGE PANEL, WITH A WIDTH OF 12 INCHES AND A HEIGHT OF 18 INCHES. THE TOP OF THE PANEL SHALL BE 36 INCHES ABOVE THE PAVEMENT. THE SYMBOL ON EACH SIDE SHALL BE TWO OPPOSING BLACK ARROWS. THE LANE DIVIDER SHALL BE MADE OF LIGHTWEIGHT MATERIAL THAT WILL YIELD UPON IMPACT BY A VEHICLE. THE LANE DIVIDER BASE SHALL NOT BE WIDER THAN 12 INCHES OR HIGHER THAN 4 INCHES. THE BASE SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE EXISTING SUPFACE BY EPOXY OR OTHER SUITABLE ADHESIVE, TO ENSURE THAT THE PANEL REMAINS

APPLICATION

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS ARE DELINEATION DEVICES USED AS CENTER LANE DIVIDERS TO SEPARATE OPPOSING TRAFFIC ON A TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY OPERATION.

FLAGGERS



FLAGGER PADDLE

THE STOP/SLOW PADDLE SHALL HAVE AN OCTAGONAL SHAPE ON A RIGID HANDLE. STOP/SLOW PADDLES SHALL BE AT LEAST 18 INCHES WIDE WITH LETTERS AT LEAST 6 INCHES HIGH. IF THE STOP/SLOW PADDLE IS PLACED ON A RIGID STAFF, THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF THE STAFF, MEASURED FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN TO THE END OF THIS STAFF THAT RESTS ON THE GROUND, SHOULD BE 5 FEET. THE STOP/SLOW PADDLE SHOULD BE THE PRIMARY AND PREFERRED HAND-SIGNALING DEVICE BECAUSE THE STOP/SLOW PADDLE GIVES ROAD USERS MORE POSITIVE GUIDANCE THAN RED FLAGS. USE OF FLAGS SHOULD BE LIMITED TO EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.

A FLAGGER MUST BE DRESSED FOR SAFETY. IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE "WORKER VISIBILITY" SECTION LISTED BELOW, FLAGGERS SHALL WEAR:

- 1. AN ORANGE OR YELLOW/GREEN CAP OR HARD HAT.
- 2. A SHIRT WITH SLEEVES, PANTS AND SHOES (TANK TOPS, SHORTS OR SANDALS SHALL

FLAGGERS SHALL BE INSTRUCTED IN THE PROPER LOCATION, DUTIES AND PROCEDURES FOR FLAGGING AS OUTLINED IN THE CURRENT MUTCD AND THE DEPARTMENT OF ROADS FLAGGER'S HANDBOOK. AS REQUIRED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ROADS, THE FLAGGER SHALL BE CERTIFIED. AND HAVE IN THEIR POSSESSION, A VALID FLAGGER CERTIFICATION CARD

WORKER VISIBILITY

ALL WORKERS WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WHO ARE EXPOSED EITHER TO TRAFFIC (VEHICLES USING THE HIGHWAY FOR PURPOSES OF TRAVEL) OR TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE WORK AREA SHALL WEAR HIGH-VISIBILITY SAFETY APPAREL. HIGH-VISIBILITY SAFETY APPAREL IS DEFINED TO MEAN PERSONAL PROTECTIVE SAFETY CLOTHING THAT;

- 1. IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE CONSPICUITY DURING BOTH DAYTIME AND NIGHTTIME USAGE,
- MEETS THE PERFORMANCE CLASS 2 OR CLASS 3 REQUIREMENTS OF THE ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 PUBLICATION ENTITLED "AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR HIGH-VISIBILITY SAFETY APPAREL AND HEADWEAR"

LIGHTING DEVICES

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES OFTEN CREATE CONDITIONS ON OR NEAR THE CONSINCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES OF EN CREATE CONDITIONS ON OR NEAR THE TRAVELED WAY THAT ARE PARTICULARLY HAZAROOUS AT NIGHT. IT IS OFTEN DESIRABLE AND NECESSARY TO SUPPLEMENT THE REFLECTORIZED SIGNS, BARRIERS, AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES WITH LIGHTING DEVICES. STROBE TYPE LIGHTS ARE NOT PERMITTED.

BARRICADE WARNING LIGHTS DESIGN (BATTERY OPERATED)

TYPE "A" LOW INTENSITY FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS ARE MOST COMMONLY MOUNTED ON BARRICADES, OR WITH SIGNS AND ARE INTENDED TO WARN THE DRIVER THAT THEY ARE PROCEEDING IN A HAZARDOUS AREA. THESE LIGHTS SHALL NOT BE USED FOR DELINEATION. AS A SERIES OF FLASHING LIGHTS IN A ROW WOULD TEND TO OBSCURE THE DESIRED PATH.

TYPE "A" HIGH INTENSITY FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS ARE NORMALLY MOUNTED ON THE TYPE III BARRICADE THAT ACCOMPANIES THE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS.

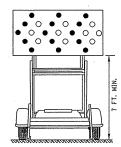
TYPE "C" STEADY BURN LIGHTS AS USED HEREIN, SHALL MEAN A SERIES OF LOW WATTAGE TYPE "C" STEADY BORN LIGHTS AS USED HEREIN, SHALL MEAN A SERRES OF LUB VERY STEADY STREET THE TRAVELED WAY THROUGH AND AROUND OBSTRUCTIONS IN A CONSTRUCTION MAINTENANCE AREA, THE DELINEATION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY USE OF STEADY BURNING LIGHTS. WHEN USED TO SUPPLEMENT CHANNELIZATION, THE MAXIMUM SPACING FOR WARNING LIGHTS SHOULD BE IDENTICAL TO THE CHANNELIZING DEVICE SPACING REQUIREMENTS. WHEN USED TO DELINEATE A CURVE, TYPE "C" WARNING LIGHTS SHOULD BE THE CURVE, AND NOT ON THE INSIDE OF THE CURVE.

FLASHING ARROW PANEL (DISPLAY)

AN ARROW PANEL IS A SIGN WITH A MATRIX OF ELEMENTS, CAPABLE OF EITHER FLASHING OR SEQUENTIAL DISPLAYS. THIS SIGN SHALL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL WARNING AND DIRECTIONAL INFORMATION TO ASSIST IN MERGING AND CONTROLLING ROAD USERS THROUGH OR AROUND A TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONE. AN ARROW PANEL SHOULD BE USED IN COMBINATION WITH APPROPRIATE SIGNS, CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

ARROW PANELS SHALL MEET THE SIZE AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE MUTCD FOR TYPE "C" ARROW DISPLAYS.

FLASHING ARROW PANEL SHALL BE RECTANGULAR, OF SOLID APPEARANCE AND FINISHED IN NON-REFLECTIVE BLACK. THE PANEL SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A VEHICLE, TRAILER OR OTHER SUITABLE SUPPORT. MINIMUM MOUNTING HEIGHT MEASURED VERTICALLY FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE PANEL TO THE ROADWAY BELOW IT OR TO THE ELEVATION OF THE NEAR EDGE OF THE ROADWAY. SHALL BE 7 FEET EXCEPT ON VEHICLE-MOUNTED PANELS, WHICH SHOULD BE AS



| | OWING SELECTIONS SHALL DED ON THE ARROW PANEL |
|------------------------------------|---|
| OPERATING MODE | PANEL DISPLAY |
| FLASHING ARROW | RIGHT SHOWN; LEFT OPPOSITE |
| SEQUENTIAL ARROW | RIGHT SHOWN: LEFT OPPOSITE |
| SEQUENTIAL CHEVRON | RIGHT SHOWN; LEFT OPPOSITE |
| FLASHING DOUBLE ARROW | ∢·· ≽ |
| FLASHING OR ALTERNATING CAUTION | FLASHING CORNERS LINE CORNERS ALTERNATING DIAMOND CAUTION |

THE ARROW PANEL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SIZE OF 96 INCHES WIDE AND 48 INCHES HIGH. THE ARROW FAMEL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SIZE OF 30 INCRES HIDE AND 40 INCRES FIGH.

THE MINIMUM LEGIBILITY DISTANCE SHALL BE I MILE. THE PANEL SHALL CONTAIN 25 LAMP
ELEMENTS. ARROW PANEL ELEMENTS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF A MINIMUM 50 PERCENT DIMMING,
AUTOMATICALLY WHEN AMBIENT LIGHT FALLS BELOW 50 LUX.

THE MINIMUM ELEMENT "ON TIME" SHALL BE 50 PERCENT FOR THE FLASHING MODE AND EQUAL INTERVALS OF 25 PERCENT FOR EACH SEQUENTIAL CHEVRON PHASE. THE FLASHING RATE SHALL BE NO FEWER THAN 25 NOR MORE THAN 40 FLASHES PER MINUTE.

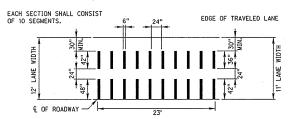
APPLICATION

A FLASHING ARROW OR SEQUENTIAL CHEVRON MODE SHALL ONLY BE USED FOR STATIONARY OR MOVING LANE CLOSURES.

FOR SHOULDER WORK BLOCKING THE SHOULDER, FOR ROADSIDE WORK NEAR THE SHOULDER, OR FOR TEMPORARILY CLOSING ONE LANE ON A TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY ROADWAY, AN ARROW PANEL SHALL BE USED ONLY IN THE CAUTION MODE.

AN ARROW DISPLAY MODE SHALL NOT BE USED ON A TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY FOR TEMPORARY ONE-LANE OPERATION OR LANE SHIFTS. AN ARROW DISPLAY SHALL NOT BE USED TO LATERALLY SHIFT TRAFFIC.

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS



DESIGN

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS MAY BE MADE OF ASPHALT PAVING MATERIAL, EPOXY AND THE TEMPORARY ROUBLE STRIPS MAI BE MADE OF ASPRALI PAVING MATERIAL, EFOLT AND AGGREGATE OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIAL WHICH WILL MAINTAIN A DESIRABLE RUMBLE EFFECT. THE TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIP SHOULD HAVE AN INSTALLED HEIGHT OF %". PREFORMED RUMBLE STRIPS MAY BE USED PROVIDED THEY HAVE A MINIMUM ½" HEIGHT.

TRAFFIC SIGNALS

TRAFFIC SIGNALS MAY BE ALLOWED AT CERTAIN EQUIPMENT CROSSINGS WHERE THE VOLUME OF FILL MATERIAL AND THE NUMBER OF EQUIPMENT CROSSINGS PER HOUR IS HIGH. TRAFFIC SIGNALS MAY BE ALLOWED AT CERTAIN BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION SITES WHERE A COMBINATION OF ONE—WAY TRAFFIC AND HIGH TRAFFIC VOLUMES WOULD BE BEST SERVED WITH THIS TYPE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL.

ALL TRAFFIC SIGNAL REQUESTS AND METHOD OF INSTALLATION ON THE STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE MUTCO AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE STATE TRAFFIC ENGINEER.

IF. AFTER THE SIGNAL ASSEMBLIES ARE ERECTED AND THE ROAD IS OPEN TO PUBLIC TRAVEL THE SIGNAL SYSTEM IS NOT PUT IMMEDIATELY INTO OPERATION, THE SIGNAL FACES SHALL BE COVERED WITH BURLAP OR OTHER OPAQUE MATERIAL SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER INOPERATIVE SIGNALS ON ROADS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC SHALL ALWAYS BE COVERED. TILTING THE SIGNALS UPWARD IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE TO COVERING THE HEADS.

FLOODLIGHTS

WHEN NIGHTTIME WORK IS REQUIRED, FLOODLIGHTS SHALL BE USED TO ILLUMINATE FLAGGER STATIONS. FLOODLIGHTS SHOULD BE USED TO ILLUMINATE EQUIPMENT CROSSINGS, AND OTHER AREAS WHERE EXISTING LIGHT IS NOT ADEQUATE FOR THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED SAFELY.

IN NO CASE SHALL FLOODLIGHTING BE PERMITTED TO CREATE A DISABLING GLARE FOR DRIVERS. THE ADEQUACY OF THE FLOODLIGHT PLACEMENT AND ELIMINATION OF POTENTIAL GLARE SHOULD BE CHECKED BY DRIVING THROUGH THE PROJECT.

PAVEMENT MARKING

IT IS INTENDED TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, THAT MOTORISTS BE PROVIDED MARKINGS WITHIN A WORK AREA COMPARABLE TO THE MARKINGS NORMALLY MAINTAINED ALONG ADJACENT ROADWAYS, PARTICULARLY AT EITHER END OF THE WORK AREA.

ALL MARKINGS AND DEVICES USED TO DELINEATE VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN PATHS SHALL BE CAREFULLY REVIEWED DURING DAYTIME AND NICHTTIME PERIODS TO AVOID INADVERTENTLY LEADING DRIVERS OR PEDESTRIANS FROM THE INTENDED PATH.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NO LONGER APPLICABLE SHALL BE REMOVED UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

TAPERS

TAPERS ARE CREATED USING A SERIES OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR PAVEMENT MARKINGS TO

A MERGING TAPER REQUIRES THE LONGEST DISTANCE BECAUSE DRIVERS ARE REQUIRED TO MERGE INTO COMMON ROAD SPACE. THE TAPER SHOULD BE LONG ENOUGH TO ENABLE MERGING DRIVERS TO HAVE ADEQUATE ADVANCE WARNING AND SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO ADJUST THEIR SPEEDS AND MERGE INTO A SINGLE LANE BEFORE THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE TRANSITION.

SHIFTING TAPER

A SHIFTING TAPER IS USED WHEN MERGING IS NOT REQUIRED, BUT A LATERAL SHIFT IS NEEDED. APPROXIMATELY ONE-HALF "L" HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE ADEQUATE. WHERE MORE SPACE IS AVAILABLE, IT MAY BE BENEFICIAL TO USE LONGER TAPERS. GUIDANCE FOR CHANGES IN ALIGNMENT MAY ALSO BE ACCOMPLISHED BY USING HORIZONTAL CURVES DESIGNED FOR NORMAL

SHOULDER TAPERS

A SHOULDER TAPER MAY BE BENEFICIAL ON HIGH-SPEED ROADWAYS WHERE SHOULDERS ARE PART OF THE ACTIVITY AREA AND ARE CLOSED, OR WHEN IMPROVED SHOULDERS MIGHT BE MISTAKEN AS A DRIVING LAWE IN THESE INSTANCES, THE SAME TYPE, BUT ABBREVIATED, CLOSURE PROCEQUEES USED ON A NORMAL PORTION OF THE ROADWAY CAN BE USED. IF USED, SHOULDER TAPERS APPROACHING THE ACTIVITY AREA SHOULD HAVE A LENGTH OF ABOUT ONE-THIRD "L".

DOWNSTREAM TAPERS

THE DOWNSTREAM TAPER MAY BE USEFUL IN TERMINATION AREAS TO PROVIDE A VISUAL CUE TO THE DRIVER THAT ACCESS IS AVAILABLE TO THE DRICINAL LANE OR PATH THAT WAS CLOSED. WHEN USED, IT SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM LENGTH OF ABOUT 100 FEET PER LANE, WITH DEVICES SPACED ABOUT 20 FEET APART.

ONE LANE. TWO WAY TAPER

THE ONE-LANE, TWO-WAY TAPER IS USED IN ADVANCE OF AN ACTIVITY AREA THAT OCCUPIES PART OF A TWO-WAY ROADWAY IN SUCH A WAY THAT A PORTION OF THE ROAD IS USED ALTERNATELY BY TRAFFIC IN EACH DIRECTION. A SHORT TAPER HAVING A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET AND A MAXIMUM LENGTH OF 100 FEET WITH CHANNELIZING DEVICES AT APPROXIMATELY 20 FOOT SPACINGS SHOULD BE USED TO GUIDE TRAFFIC INTO THE ONE-LANE-SECTION AND A DOWNSTREAM TAPER WITH A LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 100 FEET SHOULD BE USED TO GUIDE TRAFFIC BACK INTO THEIR ORIGINAL LANE.

| TAPER LENGTH CRITERIA FOR TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONES | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE OF TAPER | TAPER LENGTH (FEET) | | | | |
| MERGING TAPER | L MINIMUM | | | | |
| SHIFTING TAPER | 1/2 L MINIMUM | | | | |
| SHOULDER TAPER | 1/3 L MINIMUM | | | | |
| TWO-WAY TARER | 100 EEET MAYIMIM | | | | |

SPEED

| FORMULAS FOR L | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| SPEED | FORMULA | | | | |
| 40 MPH OR LESS | $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ | | | | |
| 45 MPH OR GREATER | L = WS | | | | |
| L = TAPER LENGTH II W = WIDTH OF OFFSE | | | | | |

S = POSTED SPEED LIMIT PRIOR

| (MPH) | LANE WIDTH | | |
|-------|------------|--------|--------|
| S | 10 FT. | 11 FT. | 12 FT. |
| 25 | 105 | 115 | 125 |
| 30 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| 35 | 205 | 225 | 245 |
| 40 | 270 | 295. | 320 |
| 45 | 450 | 495 | 540 |
| 50 | 500 | 550 | 600 |
| 55 | 550 | 605 | 660 |
| 60 | 600 | 660 | 720 |
| 65 | 650 | 715 | 780 |
| 75 | ·750 | 825 | 900 |
| | | | |

TAPER LENGTH L (FEET)

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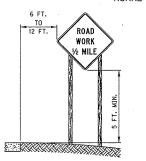
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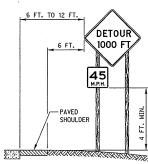




ROADSIDE SIGNS

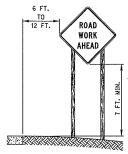
HEIGHT AND LATERAL LOCATION OF SIGNS RURAL AREA

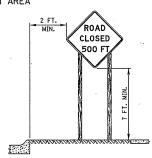




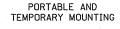
WITH SPEED ADVISORY PLATE

URBAN AREA





TYPICAL FIRST SIGN AT CONSTRUCTION SITE







WITH TYPE "A" FLASHING WARNING LIGHT MOUNTED ABOVE TYPE III BARRICADE

TYPICAL SIGN MOUNTINGS POST MOUNTED





SIGNS 48 INCHES OR WIDER

MAY BE MOUNTED WITH ONE POST

TYPICAL SIGN MOUNTINGS OTHER THAN POST MOUNTED





TYPE III BARRICADE



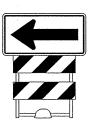


TYPE III BARRICADE WITH

SIGN AND DETOUR ARROY



TYPE III BARRICADE WITH CHEVRONS







CHEVRON OR SIGN

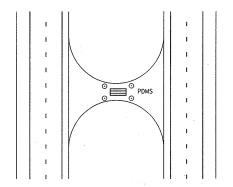
TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORTS

ALL "TEMPORARY SIGN" SUPPORTS (BASES) SHALL BE NCHRP 350 OR MASH (TL-3) APPROVED.

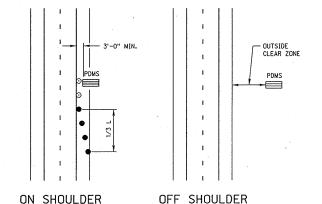
"TEMPORARY SIGNS" ARE ALL TEMPORARILY MOUNTED WORK ZONE SIGNS THAT ARE NOT POST MOUNTED IN THE GROUND AT THE TYPICAL 5 FOOT MOUNTING HEIGHT. TEMPORARY SIGNS ARE CONSIDERED NCHRP 350 OR MASH CATEGORY 2 DEVICES AND ARE MOUNTED ON TEMPORARY SIGN STANDS. TEMPORARY SIGNS SHALL BE MOUNTED A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT ABOVE THE GROUND, UNLESS OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO BE MOUNTED AT A HIGHER HEIGHT.

TEMPORARY SIGNS AND THEIR SUPPORTS SHALL NOT BE IN PLACE LONGER THAN 3 DAYS. ANY SIGN THAT IS TO BE IN PLACE LONGER THAN 3 DAYS SHALL BE POST MOUNTED OR MOUNTED TO A DRUM, BARRICADE, OR BARRIER, AS REQUIRED BY THE PLANS OR SPECIFICATIONS.

PORTABLE DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN DELINEATION



IN MEDIAN



PORTABLE DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGNS (PDMS)

THE PLACEMENT OF PDMS SHOULD BE IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER:

WHENEVER POSSIBLE, PDMS SHOULD BE PLACED OFF OF ANY USABLE PORTION OF THE ROADWAY ON THE RIGHT SIDE OF THE ROADWAY. WHEN PLACED OUTSIDE THE CLEAR ZONE OR BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE PROTECTION BARRIERS, DELINEATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

WHERE FIELD CONDITIONS DO NOT ALLOW FOR THIS PLACEMENT. THE SIGNS MAY BE

- WHERE FIELD CONDITIONS DO NOT ALLOW FOR THIS PLACEMENT, THE SIGNS MAY BE LOCATED ON THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER OF THE ROADWAY OR WITHIN THE MEDIAN.

 A MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF 3 FEET MEASURED HORIZONTALLY FROM THE EDGE OF THE TRAVELED MAY IS RECOMMENDED.

 B. THE POMS SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM MOUNTED HEIGHT OF 7 FEET ON FREEWAYS, EXPRESSWAYS AND IN URBAN AREAS.

 C. ALL OTHER RURAL APPLICATIONS SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 5 FEET.

THESE HEIGHTS ARE MEASURED VERTICALLY FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE SIGN TO THE ELEVATION OF THE NEAR EDGE OF THE PAVEMENT.

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUMS SHOULD BE USED TO DELINEATE EACH SIGN USING A 1/3 L TAPER. THESE DRUMS SHOULD BE POSITIONED ON THE UPSTREAM END OF THE SIGN TO FORM A TAPER LEADING UP TO THE TRAFFIC SIDE OF THE SIGN. FOR A SIGN LOCATED IN THE MEDIAN, THE SIGN SHOULD BE DELINEATED WITH A 42 INCH CONE ON ALL FOUR CORNERS.

WHEN DEPLOYED, THE SIGN SHALL BE SIGHTED AND ALIGNED WITH APPROACHING TRAFFIC TO ENSURE VISIBILITY OF THE MESSAGE. IF MULTIPLE SIGNS ARE USED, THE SIGNS SHOULD BE LOCATED ON THE SAME SIDE OF THE ROAD AND SEPARATED ACCORDING TO PROPER SIGN

WHEN PRACTICAL, PDMS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO REPLACE STATIC SIGNS FOR LONG TERM USAGE (OVER 10 DAYS).

WHEN PDMS ARE TO BE DEPLOYED FOR LONG PERIODS, SUCH AS INCIDENT MANAGEMENT ROLES, CONCRETE PADS WITH APPROPRIATE TIE DOWNS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THEIR PLACEMENT.

PDMS NOT ACTIVELY BEING USED IN A CONSTRUCTION OR INCIDENT MANAGEMENT ROLE SHOULD BE REMOVED.

REFER TO NOOR "DMS GUIDELINES" FOR PROPER PDMS MESSAGE INFORMATION.

NOTES

- 1. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL MEET THE APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS PRESCRIBED IN PART 6 OF THE LATEST ADOPTED EDITION OF THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MUTCO," AND THE STATE OF REBRASKA SUPPLEMENT TO THE MUTCD. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CRASHWORTHY AND QUALIFY AS SUCH ACCORDING TO THE TESTING AND ACCEPTANCE GUIDELINES OF THE NATIONAL COOPERATIVE HIGHWAY RESEARCH PROGRAM (NCHRP) REPORT 350 OR MANUAL FOR ASSESSING SAFETY HARDWARE (MASH).
- TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND DEVICES SHOULD FOLLOW THE PRINCIPLES SET FORTH, BUT MAY DEVIATE FROM THE TYPICAL DRAWINGS TO ALLOW FOR CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROJECT.
- 3. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED SO AS NOT TO OBSTRUCT THE VIEW OF OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 4. THE ENGINEER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE THE USE, AND APPROVE THE LOCATION OF ANY OF THE DEVICES SHOWN IN THESE PLANS

WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT NOTES

- A. WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED WITHOUT A SPEED ZONE AUTHORIZATION COMPLETED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- REDUCED SPEED LIMITS SHOULD BE USED ONLY IN THE SPECIFIC PORTION OF THE WORK ZONE WHERE CONDITIONS OR RESTRICTIVE FEATURES ARE PRESENT. HOWEVER, FREQUENT CHANGES IN THE SPEED LIMIT SHOULD BE AVOIDED. THE REDUCTION OF SPEED SHOULD BE DESIGNED SO VEHICLES CAN SAFELY TRAVEL THROUGH THE WORK ZONE WITH A SPEED LIMIT REDUCTION OF NO MORE THAN 10 MPH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS.
- WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS SHOWN ARE TYPICAL APPLICATIONS ONLY AND ARE NOT TO BE ASSUMED AS THE SPEED LIMITS REQUIRED FOR THE WORK.
- D. EXISTING SPEED LIMIT SIGNS SHALL BE REMOVED OR COVERED WHEN A REDUCED WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT IS IN EFFECT IN THE SAME AREA.
- WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED EVERY MILE THROUGH THE WORK AREA WHEN SPEED ZONE IS REDUCED.
- F. A SPEED LIMIT SIGN ENDING THE REDUCED SPEED ZONE SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF EACH ZONE.
- G. DOUBLE FINES AND REDUCED SPEED ZONE SIGNING ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR SHORT-DURATION WORK LESS THAN 12 HOURS.

TAPER FORMULA

LEGEND

L - S x W FOR SPEEDS OF 45 MPH OR MORE______ TYPE III BARRICADE

 $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ FOR SPEEDS OF 40 MPH OR LESS.

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUM

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUM

WHERE:

L - MINIMUM LENGTH OF TAPER. S - NUMERICAL VALUE OF POSTED

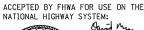
OR 42" CONE PORTABLE DYNAMIC MESSAGE

SPEED LIMIT PRIOR TO WORK. W - WIDTH OF OFFSET (LANE WIDTH).

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TRAFFIC CONTROL. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE





9-1-2017

ORIGINAL: OCTOBER 1998





SIGN WIDTHS LESS THAN 48 INCHES

